

The Science of Learning

The HOW is as important as the WHAT!



Understanding how the human mind learns has become a powerful catalyst for transforming educational practices. By bridging cognitive science with classroom instruction, educators can craft learning experiences that align with the brain's natural information-processing mechanisms. This research reveals fascinating insights into how students construct knowledge networks, process new information through working memory, and develop lasting understanding through strategic practice and reinforcement.

Rather than relying solely on traditional teaching methods, educators can now implement evidence-based strategies that capitalize on strategies such as distributed practice, cognitive load management, and strategic information encoding. When we understand how attention systems operate, how memory consolidation occurs, and how emotional engagement influences learning, we can design instruction that maximizes these cognitive processes. This scientifically-grounded approach enables educators to move beyond surface-level learning to foster deep comprehension and effective knowledge transfer. By implementing these research-based principles, teachers can create learning environments that promote robust mental model development, enhance metacognitive skills, and lead to more consistent mastery of complex concepts.

OVERVIEW OF TOPICS

Memory & Processing

- How the brain encodes and stores information
 - Chunking - breaking information into digestible units
 - Elaboration - connecting new to existing knowledge

Attention & Engagement

- Optimizing focus and sustained attention
 - Dual Coding - combining visual and verbal information
 - Active Recall - engaging directly with material

Practice Sequencing

- Optimizing practice timing and order
 - Spacing Effect - distributing practice over time
 - Interleaving - mixing related topics/skills

Assessment & Feedback

- Using testing as a learning tool
 - Test-Enhanced Learning - tests as learning opportunities
 - Targeted Feedback - specific, actionable guidance

Learning Design

- Structuring effective learning experiences
 - Scaffolding - providing structured support
 - Concrete Examples - using specific instances

Transfer & Application

- Ensuring knowledge transfers across contexts
 - Metacognition - thinking about thinking
 - Deliberate Practice - focused improvement

